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DATE MAILED: 07/06/2006

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/673,951	09/29/2003	William J. Gunning		3806
44859	7590 07/06/2006		EXAMINER .	
JOHN J. DEINKEN 1049 CAMINO DOS RIOS			CHANG, AUDREY Y	
P. O. BOX 1085 THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91358-0085			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2872	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				1. 1			
Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)	-V			
		10/673,951	GUNNING ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Audrey Y. Chang	2872				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.11 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror , cause the application to become ABANDON	N). imely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 A	<u>oril 2006</u> .					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 2-5,8,9 and 13-26 is/. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1,6,7 and 10-12 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	are withdrawn from consideratio	n.				
Applicati	ion Papers						
	The specification is objected to by the Examine	эг.					
,	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachmen		-	(070,440)				
2) Notice 3) Information	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date 4/27/2006.	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Applicant's election without traverse of Species D, claims 1, 6 and 7 in the reply filed on April 26, 2006 is acknowledged.
- 2. Claims 10-12 are rendered generic claims with respect to claim 1 and therefore will be examined.
- 3. Claims 2-5, 8-9 and 13-26 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected elected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

 Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on April 26, 2006.
- 4. Claims 1, 6-7 and 10-12 remain pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1, 6-7 and 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the patent publication by Gasser et al (CH 000680534A5) in view of the patent issued to Payne (PN. 6,958,818).

Gasser et al teaches a Fabry-Perot sensor that is comprised of a first and second mirrors serve as the first and second reflectors (9 and 12) held in substantially parallel alignment and separated by a hollow space (6) serves as the air gap. Gasser et al teaches that the mirror (9) is attached to the silicon membrane that may be deflected and which implicitly made the hollow space a variable air gap. Gasser et al further teaches that the reflectors or the mirrors are made of metal wherein on the surface of each of

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the mirrors a silicon nitride coating (13 and 14) is formed to prevent corrosion, (please see the abstract). Silicon nitride layer is dielectric layer. It is implicitly true that the cavity created by the separation of the two parallel mirrors or reflectors in a Fabry Perot device, is a resonance cavity such that the when the optical thickness of the cavity equals a multiple of half of a wavelength, incident light having this wavelength will be selected to be transmitted. Payne in the same field of endeavor teaches explicitly the operation of the Fabry Perot filter wherein when the cavity length is an integral multiple of a half wavelength of the selected wavelength (such as λ 2), the Fabry Perot filter transmits light of the selected wavelength and reflects light of all other wavelengths, (please see Figure 2 and column 3, lines 48 to 55). Payne further teaches that the Fabry Perot filter can be tuned by varying the length of the cavity so that the wavelength be transmitted can be tuned within a second wider band, (please see Figure 4). For this matters, the actual cavity of the Fabry Perot sensor of Gasser et al should be defined between the two mirrors (9 and 12) such that the effective cavity includes the first and second silicon nitride coatings layers (13 and 14) and the air hollow space (6). This suggests the effective refractive index of this effective cavity contributed from both the air space and silicon nitride layers, should be greater than one, since silicon nitride has refractive index greater than one. Payne teaches that the optical thickness or the cavity length should be equal to half of the selected wavelength this suggests the effective cavity including the air space and the silicon nitride coatings should equal to half of the wavelength and this means the optical path length has to be less than quarter wavelength. One skilled in the art can further modify it to have optical thickness of the silicon nitride to be less than quarter of the shortest wavelength of the second wider band for the benefit of making the air space the majority part of the effective cavity for the making the effective cavity has the desired structure and effective refractive index to achieve the desired transmittance.

With regard to claims 6 and 7, Gasser et al teaches that the dielectric layers (13 and 14) are of the same silicon nitride material. Although it does not teach explicitly that the thickness of these layers are

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the same, such modification would have been obvious to one skilled in the art for the benefit of making their contribution to the effective cavity be symmetrical on both side of the effective cavity.

Claims 10 and 11 have been addressed in paragraphs above.

With regard to claim 12, Payne teaches that electrical means is used to bias or deflect the reflector to vary the cavity length and therefore tune the filter, (please see column 8, lines 35-36).

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Audrey Y. Chang whose telephone number is 571-272-2309. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:00-4:30), alternative Mondays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Drew Dunn can be reached on 571-272-2312. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-386-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Primary Examiner Art Unit 2872

Außrey Y. Chang, Ph.D.

A. Chang, Ph.D.